AAA SECURITIES (PVT) LTD

Audited financial statements

For the year ended June 30, 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of AAA SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of AAA SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2018 and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2018 and of the income and other comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the



Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
 resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) the securities broker was in compliance with the requirements of section 78 of the Act and section 62 of the Futures Act, and the relevant requirement of these regulations as at the date on which the balance sheet was prepared.
- e) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Imran Ul Haq.

Place: Islamabad

Date: 03 October 2018

Nasir Javaid Maqsood Imran Chartered Accountants

AAA SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
ASSETS			
NON - CURRENT ASSETS			
property and equipment	4	3,025,170	3,090,836
Intangible assets	5	2,554,375	5,000,000
Long term deposits	6	500,000	500,000
Long term investment	7	30,346,030	30,346,030
CURRENT ASSETS		36,425,575	38,936,867
		146 507	50,473
Account receivables	8	146,507	2,100,002
Short term investments	9	2,227,043	42,480
Withholding tax	10	42,480	
Cash and bank balances	11	32,459,592	23,340,399
		34,875,622	25,533,354
TOTAL ASSETS		71,301,197	64,470,221
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized share capital 3,500,000 (2016: 2,000,000) ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each		35,000,000	35,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital		20.605.000	20.605.000
3,069,500 (2016: 2,000,000) ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each	12	30,695,000	30,695,000
Reserves		15,410,498 46,105,498	17,336,724 48,031,724
CANDENIE I LA DII ITIES		,,	
		(22,004	3,452,940
CURRENT LIABILITIES	10		
Other payables	13	623,994	
	13 14	24,571,705	12,985,556
Other payables Payable to account holders			
Other payables		24,571,705	12,985,556

The annexed notes 1 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

AAA SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
	15	1,096,582	404,696
Revenue	16	(119,760)	(115,453)
Direct Cost Gross Profit		976,821	289,244
	17	(770,996)	(649,986)
Administrative expenses Operating profit/(loss)		205,825	(360,742)
	18	509,801	20,485
Other income Profit/(loss) before tax		715,626	(340,256)
Taxation	10	(141,852)	(4,047)
Net Profit/(Loss)		573,774	(344,303)

The annexed notes 1 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

AAA SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Net profit/(loss) for the year		573,774	(344,303)
Other comprehensive income: Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss			
Loss on remeasurement of TREC transferred to TREC value reserve transferred to unappropriated profit/(loss) Other comprehensive (loss)		(1,000,000) (1,500,000) (2,500,000)	
Total comprehensive (loss) for the year		(1,926,226)	(344,303)

DIRECTOR

The annexed notes 1 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

AAA SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Share capital	Reserves				
	Issued subscribed & paid up	Fair value reserve	TREC value reserve	Un- appropriated profits/(loss)	Total	
	-		Rupees			
Balance as at July 1, 2016	20,000,000	18,346,030	1,000,000	(1,665,003)	37,681,027	
Shares issued	10,695,000			-	10,695,000	
Vet (loss) for the year	- ·	-	-	(344,303)	(344,303)	
Other comprehensive income		-	-	_	- 1	
Balance as at June 30, 2017	30,695,000	18,346,030	1,000,000	(2,009,306)	48,031,724	
Balance as at July 1, 2017	30,695,000	18,346,030	1,000,000	(2,009,306)	48,031,724	
Net (loss) for the year		-	-	573,774	573,774	
Other comprehensive (loss)	<u>-</u>	-	(1,000,000)	(1,500,000)	(2,500,000)	
3alance as at June 30, 2018	30,695,000	18,346,030	2	(2,935,532)	46,105,498	

The annexed notes 1 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXE

AAA SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit/(loss) for the year before taxation	715,626	(340,256)
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:		(No. 1995)
Unrealised (gain) on remeasurement of short term investment	(127,041)	-
Depreciation	86,292	71,424
Cash flows before working capital changes	674,877	(268,833)
Working capital changes:		
(Increase)/decrease in current assets		
Short term deposits and prepayments	(96,035)	342,123
Increase/(decrease) in current liabilities	a legic for which	(B)
Payable to account holders	11,586,149	9,494,627
Trade and other payables	(2,828,946)	3,329,476
	8,661,168	13,166,226
Cash generated from operations	9,336,045	12,897,393
Taxes paid	(141,852)	(46,527)
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	9,194,193	12,850,867
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issue of shares	-	3,000,000
Loan repaid to director	-	(31)
Investmnt in shares		(2,100,002)
Purchase of software	(75,000)	Total Control
Purchase of fixed assets	-	(18,300)
Net cash from /(used in) investing activities	(75,000)	881,668
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	9,119,193	13,732,535
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	23,340,399	9,607,864
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	32,459,592	23,340,399

The annexed notes 1 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

AAA Securities (Private) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Pakistan under the Companies Act 2017 on June 23, 2004.

The company is engaged in stock brokerage business and registered as broker by SECP under Registration Number BRI - 60 dated September 27, 2004 situated at 709, 7th Floor, 55-B, ISE Towers, Jinnah Avenue, Blue Area, Islamabad.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Accounting Convenstion

These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention without incorporating any adjustments of the effect of inflation or current values except for available for sale investment and TREC the valuation basis of which are disclosed in relevant notes.

2.2 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017 shall prevail.

2.3 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting and financial reporting standards requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that effect the reporting amounts of assets and liability and income and expenses. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised.

Significant accounting estimates and areas where judgments were made by the management in the application of accounting policies are as follows:

- i) Useful lives, pattern of economic benefits and impairments
- ii) Taxation
- iii) Fair values of investments

2.4 New and amended standards and interpretations

2.4.1 Standards that became effective and adopted:

There were no new standards that became effective at the end of financial year.

2.4.2 Amendments to approved accounting standards that are effective for the Company's accounting periods beginning after July 1, 2017:

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards which will be effective for the Company for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2017 but are considered not to be relevant or are expected to have any significant effect on the Company's operations and are, therefore, not disclosed in these financial statements.

In addition to this, changes have been made in respect of the disclosure and presentation of the financial statements through promulgation of Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) with effect from the May 30, 2017.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Property and equipment

a) Cost

Operating fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to income during the year / period in which they are incurred.

b) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged to income on reducing balance method so as to write off the cost of an asset over its estimated useful life at the rates given in Note 4. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month the assets are available for use while no depreciation is charged in the month in which the assets are disposed off. The residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed by the management at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

c) Derecognition

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement in the year/period the asset is derecognized.

3.2 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognized as an asset if it is probable that the economic benefits attributable to the assets will flow to the company and cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) which is granted by Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX) in lieu of membership cards are valued initially at prescribed value by PSX.

3.3 Impairment

The carrying values of the company's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amount is estimated and impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

3.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and cash at bank in current accounts. It is carried in the balance sheet at book value which approximates its fair value.

3.5 Taxation

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates after taking into accounts the tax credits and tax rebates available.

3.6 Investment at fair value through profit or loss

These include investments classified as held for trading or upon initial recognition it is designated by the Company as at fair value through profit or loss. Investments which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short term fluctuations in price or dealer's margin are classified as held for trading. After initial recognition, these are stated at fair values with any resulting gains and losses recognized directly in income currently. Fair value of investments is their quoted bid price at the balance sheet date. Transaction costs are charged to income currently.

3.7 Settlement Date Accounting

All "regular way" purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on settlement date,i.e. the date on which the asset is delivered to or by the Company. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are those contracts which requires delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market.

3.8 Investments classified as Available-for-sale financial assets:

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose off the investments within twelve months from the balance sheet date.

Changes in the fair value of securities classified as available-for-sale are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognized in other comprehensive income are included in the profit and loss account as a reclassification adjustment.

Interest on available-for-sale securities, if any, is calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the profit and loss account. Dividends on available for-sale equity instruments are recognized in the profit and loss account when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. If any such evidence exists for available for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income shall be reclassified from equity to profit and loss account as a reclassification adjustment.

3.9 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized as and when services are rendered:

Capital gains or losses on sale of investments are recognized in the year in which they arise.

Money market brokerage, consultancy and advisory fees are recognized as and when such services are provided.

3.10 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is also the company's functional currency.

3.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and assets and liabilities are stated at fair value and amortized cost respectively. The company derecognizes the financial assets and liabilities when it ceases to be party to such contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial instrument mainly comprise investments, trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances, deposits, borrowings, trade and other payables, accrued and other liabilities. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

3.12 Related party transactions

All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at arm's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as third party transactions using valuation modes, as admissible, except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, it is in the interest of the Company to

4 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Particulars	Building	Furniture & Fixture	Computer Equipment	Total
	。1966年7月1日	RUPI	EES	
Year ended June 30, 2017				
Opening net book amount	2,500,000	619,912	23,494	3,143,406
Additions	-	_	18,300	18,300
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charge	-	61,991	8,878	70,870
Closing net book amount	2,500,000	557,921	32,916	3,090,836
AS at June 30, 2017				
Cost	2,500,000	1,313,250	314,750	4,128,000
Accumulated depreciation	-	755,329		1,037,163
Net book amount	2,500,000	557,921	32,916	3,090,838
Year ended June 30, 2018				
Opening net book amount	2,500,000	557,921	32,916	3,090,836
Additions	e graden and the color of	-	recorded management	dame of the
Disposals	on Continue of	55 700	0.075	65 667
Depreciation charge	2,500,000	55,792 502,129		65,667 3,025,170
Closing net book amount	2,500,000	202,122		
AS at June 30, 2018				
Cost	2,500,000	1,313,250	314,750	4,128,000
Accumulated depreciation	-	811,121	291,709	1,102,830
Net book amount	2,500,000	502,129	23,041	3,025,170
Rate of depreciation per	-	10	30	

			Rupees	Rupees
		Note	2018	2017
	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
9	Accounting software	5.1	54,375	
	Trading Right Entitlement Certificate	5.2	2,500,000	5,000,000
	the state of the s		2,554,375	5,000,000
5.1	Accounting Software	-		
	Cost		40,000	40,000
	Additions during the year		75,000	
	Amortization for the year		(20,625)	(554)
	Accumulated amortization - opening	1 0530.9	(40,000)	(39,446)
	Net book value		54,375	-
	Amortization rate	-	30%	30%

5.2 These represent Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) received from Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX) in accordance with the requirements of the Stock Exchanges Corporatisation, Demutualization and Integration Act, 2012 (The Act). The company has also received shares of ISE Towers REIT Management Company Limited after completion of the demutualization process. The notional value of TREC have been recorded at Rs. 2.5 million. For details, refer to SECP letter No. SMD/SE/2(57)/2002 dated November 9, 2017.

			Rupees	Rupees
	No	te	2018	2017
6	LONG TERM DEPOSITS			
	CDC		100,000	100,000
	PSX Clearing House		200,000	200,000
	NCCPL	guesti, sha	200,000	200,000
	Well-state to the second secon	-	500,000	500,000
7	LONG TERM INVESTMENT			(EUS)
	Shares in ISE Towers REIT Management Company Ltd. 7.	.1	30,346,030	30,346,030
		=		

Pursuant to promulgation of the Stock Exchange (Corporatization, Demutualization and Integration Act), 2012 "Act" the ownership in a Stock Exchange has been segregated from the right to trade on the Exchange. Accordingly the Company has received equity shares of ISE-REIT and Trading Right entitlement Certificate (TREC) in lieu of membership card of PSX. The company entitlement in respect of ISE-REIT shares is determined on the basis of valuation of assets and liabilities of ISE as approved by SECP and the Company has been allotted 3,034,603 shares of the face value of Rs. 10/- each. These include 60 % shares if ISE-REIT, held in separate CDC blocked account to restrict the sale of these shares by the members whereas stock exchange will dispose of these shares under the provisions of this Act, however the proceeds of these shares and right to dividend/bonus are vested with the company whereas voting rights attached to these shares are suspended.

In absence of an active market for TREC, the company has taken the cost of TREC at Rs. 2.5 million, which is the value approved by the Board of Directors of PSX and intimated to SECP for the base minimum capital. This fact indicates an acceptable level of value for TREC which is also used by the stock exchange for risk management and to safeguard investors 'interest.

Consequently the company has recorded a surplus of Rs. 18,346,030/- on conversion of membership card of ISE to shares and TREC in equity through Statement of Comprehensive Income.

0	ACCOUNT RECEIVABLES	Note	Rupees 2018	Rupees 2017
8	Receivable from clients		146,507	50,473
		_	146,507	50,473
9	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS Investment at fair value through profit or loss:			
	Investment in listed companies	9.1	2,227,043	2,100,002
	Parties or Species and Viscolina		2,227,043	2,100,002
		_		

This represent investment in: 9.1

2018			
Name of security	No. of shares		
AHCL	2,220		
ВОР	28,375		
BWCL	575		
EFERT	278		
FATIMA	137		
JOVC	9,900		
NBP	11,526		
NML	750		
POL	1,000		
PPL	1,674		
PTC	400		
SMBL	222		

2017			
Name of security No. of shares			
AHCL	2,220		
BOP R	19,862		
ВОР	28,375		
EFERT	278		
FATIMA	137		
NBP	11,526		
NML	750		
BWCL	575		
POL	1,000		
PPL	1,674		
PTC	400		
SMBL	222		

WITHHOLDING TAX 10

11

Withholding tax opening balance	42,480	-
With held during the year	141,852	46,527
Taxation - current	(141,852)	(4,047)
- prior	-	-
	(141,852)	(4,047)
	42,480	42,480
CASH AND BANK BALANCE		
Cash in hand	3,091	12,762
Cash at bank on current accounts	32,456,501	23,327,637



32,459,592

23,340,399

12	SHARE CAPITAL Issued, paid up and subscribed capital	Note	2018	2017
	Opening shares		3,069,500	2,000,000
	Issued shares for cash during the year		2,000,000	1,069,500
	Closing shares		3,069,500	3,069,500
			Rupees 2018	Rupees 2017
13	OTHER PAYABLES			
-	Audit fee		88,000	176,000
	Payable to Director		450,000	3,200,000
	Bills payable		47,906	76,940
	FED payable Capital Value Tax payable		22,673	
	Capital Value Tax payable		15,415 623,994	3,452,940
	PAYABLE TO ACCOUNT HOLDER			- 14
14	Payable to regular account holders		24,571,705	12,985,556
		_	24,571,705	12,985,556
15	REVENUE			
10	Brokerage commission		1,096,582	404,696
	Delicas of States 1	_	1,096,582	404,696
16	DIRECT COST			
	NCSS charges		6,420	4,226
	CDC charges		5,722	12,923
	Terminal display cost	A feet lines to	-	,
	Depreciation and amortization	10000	86,292	71,424
	PSX fee		15,000	15,000
	Telephone	100	6,327	7,060
	Annual IT charges		-	4,820
		_	119,760	115,453
17	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Electricity	Г	38,585	40,593
	Telephone		14,762	17,010
	Water charges		- ',' -	3,599
	News papers & periodicals		4,823	4,628
	Service charges		359,274	267,524
	Miscellaneous expenses		90,341	36,88
	Audit fee		88,000	88,000
	Bank charges			
	Fee and taxes		647	403
	Property tax		162,824	183,20
	Troperty tax	L	11,740	8,14
		.=	770,996	649,986

	OTHER INCOME	Note	Rupees 2018	Rupees 2017
18	Other income - write offs Unrealized gain/(loss) on re-measurement of short term		Section 1	20,485
	investment Dividend income - Income from financial assets		127,041 382,760	
		_	509,801	20,485

19 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

19.1 Financial assets as per balance sheet

	At Ammor	tized Cost	At Fair Val Profit d	0	Available	For Sale
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Long term deposits	500,000	500,000	formers on Wally Frain		i di dengan Mariti sa	
Long term investment				- h.th	30,346,030	30,346,030
Short term Investment	s -		2,227,043	2,100,002		
Receivable from client	ts 146,507	50,473				
Cash and bank balance	es 32,459,592	23,340,399	mer reserve	in one	Barrell of	
	33,106,100	23,890,872	2,227,043	2,100,002	30,346,030	30,346,030

19.2 Financial liabilities as per balance sheet

	At Ammor	tized Cost	At Fair Val	0
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Other payables	623,994	3,452,940		•
Payable to account holders	24,571,705	12,985,556		
	25,195,699	16,438,497		

19.3 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The companies activities expose it to a variety of financial risk: capital risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including foreign exchange or currency risk, interest/markup rate risk and price risk). The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial market and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on financial performance. Overall, risk arising from the company's financial assets and liabilities are limited.

a) Capital risk management

The company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, credit and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Additionally, to safeguard the companies ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns to share holders and benefit for others stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. There were no changes to the company's approach to capital management during the year and the company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

b) Concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. All financial assets except cash in hand, are subject to credit risk. The company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash. The company finances its operations through equity borrowing and the managements of working capital with a view to maintain an appropriate mix between various source of finance to minimize risk. The company's treasury aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping regular commitment from management. Management closely monitors the company's liquidity and cash flow position.

d) Market risk

Market risk means that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of three types of risks; foreign exchange or currency risk, interest/mark - up rate risk and price risk. The market risk associated with the company's business activities are discussed as under.

- Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currencies. Currently, the company did no transaction in foreign currencies nor have any foreign currency loans.

- Interest / mark-up rate risk

Interest/mark-up rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest/mark-up rates. Sensitivity to interest/mark-up rates arises from mismatches of financial assets and liabilities that mature or re-price in a given period. The company is not exposed to any such risk.

Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that fair value of future cash flow of financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market price (other than those arising from interest mark/up rate risk of currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments trade in the market. The company is exposed to equity price in respect of short term investments.

e) Fair value of the financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset can be exchanged, or liability can be settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transactions. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair value.

19.4 Recognized fair value measurement - financial assets

(i) Fair value hierarchy

Judgments and estimates are made for financial assets that are recognized and measured at fair value in these financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial assets into the following three levels:

	(Rupees)	
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		30,346,030
2,227,043		55,575,555
2,227,043		30,346,030
2,100,002		30,346,030
2,100,002	-	30,346,030
	2,227,043 2,227,043 2,100,002	2,227,043 2,227,043 2,100,002

The Company's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

Level 1: The fair value of assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities.

There was no transfer between any level during the year.

		Rupees 2018	Rupees 2017
20	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS		
	Cash received from director - Arshad Saeed Malik		6,200,000
	Shares issued for cash to director - Arshad Saeed Malik		3,000,000
	Director loan converted into capital - Arshad Saeed Malik	-	7,695,000
	Repaid to director - Arshad Saeed Malik	(2,750,000)	(31)
			No.

		Rupees 2018	Rupees 2017
	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	4010	2017
20	Cash received from director - Arshad Saeed Malik		6,200,000
	Shares issued for cash to director - Arshad Saeed Malik		3,000,000
	Director loan converted into capital - Arshad Saced Malik		7,695,000
	Loan repaid to director - Arshad Saeed Malik		(31)
21	Information required by regulation 34 of Securities	2018	2017
	Broker Regulations 2016		
a)	Customer shares in the central depository system Customer's cash in bank account - PKR	3,149,648	2,147,321
		26,263,662	12,985,557
b) d)	Securities pledged with financial institutions Pattern of shares:	Nil	Nil
u)	Hammad Saeed Malik	200,000	200,000
	Arshad Saeed Malik	2,269,499	200,000
	Asif Saeed Malik	Control Control	2,269,499
	Haider Sarfraz Abdi	600,001	600,001
	Total no of shares	3,069,500	3,069,500
e)	Changes in shareholding:	5,007,500	3,009,300
e)	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik		1.060.600
e) f)	Changes in shareholding: Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is statement.	each debt has b	1,069,500
f)	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is statement.	each debt has b	1,069,500
	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is	each debt has b made and charged	1,069,500 een considered d to the income
f)	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is statement. Aging analysis of amount due from customers	each debt has b made and charged	1,069,500 een considered d to the income
f)	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is statement. Aging analysis of amount due from customers Due not more than 5 days - PKR	each debt has b made and charged	1,069,500 een considered d to the income
f) g)	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is statement. Aging analysis of amount due from customers Due not more than 5 days - PKR Due more than 5 days - PKR	each debt has b made and charged	1,069,500 een considered d to the income
f)	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is statement. Aging analysis of amount due from customers Due not more than 5 days - PKR Due more than 5 days - PKR CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL Note	each debt has b made and charged 120,986 25,520	1,069,500 een considered d to the income 19,397 31,077
f) g)	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is statement. Aging analysis of amount due from customers Due not more than 5 days - PKR Due more than 5 days - PKR CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL Note	120,986 25,520	1,069,500 een considered d to the income 19,397 31,077 2017
f) g)	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is statement. Aging analysis of amount due from customers Due not more than 5 days - PKR Due more than 5 days - PKR CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL Note Total Assets	120,986 25,520 2018	1,069,500 een considered d to the income 19,397 31,077 2017
f) g)	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is statement. Aging analysis of amount due from customers Due not more than 5 days - PKR Due more than 5 days - PKR CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL Note Total Assets Less: Total Liabilities	120,986 25,520	1,069,500 een considered d to the income 19,397 31,077 2017
f) g)	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is statement. Aging analysis of amount due from customers Due not more than 5 days - PKR Due more than 5 days - PKR CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL Note Total Assets	120,986 25,520 2018 71,301,197 (25,195,699)	1,069,500 een considered d to the income 19,397 31,077 2017 64,470,221 (16,438,497)
f) g)	Shares issued during the year to Arshad Saeed Malik Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is statement. Aging analysis of amount due from customers Due not more than 5 days - PKR Due more than 5 days - PKR CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL Note Total Assets Less: Total Liabilities Less: Revaluation Reserves (created upon revaluation of fixed assets)	120,986 25,520 2018	1,069,500 een considered d to the income 19,397 31,077 2017

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES 23

Nil

Nil

24 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on 03 October 2018 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

25 **GENERAL**

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.